

UNIT I OVER CURRENT & EARTH FAULT PROTECTION

Zones of protection – Primary and Backup protection – operating principles and Relay Construction - Time – Current characteristics -Current setting – Time setting-Over current protective schemes –Concept of Coordination - Protection of parallel / ring feeders – Reverse power or directional relay –Polarisation Techniques – Cross Polarisation – Quadrature Connection -Earth fault and phase fault protection - Combined Earth fault and phase fault protection scheme - Phase fault protective - scheme directional earth fault relay - Static over current relays – Numerical over – current protection; numerical coordination example for a radial feeder

UNIT II TRANSFORMER & BUSBAR PROTECTION

Types of transformers –Types of faults in transformers- Types of Differential Protection – High Impedance – External fault with one CT saturation – Actual behaviors of a protective CT – Circuit model of a saturated CT - Need for high impedance – Disadvantages - Percentage Differential Bias Characteristics – Vector group & its impact on differential protection - Inrush phenomenon – Zero Sequence filtering – High resistance Ground Faults in Transformers – Restricted Earth fault Protection - Inter-turn faults in transformers – Incipient faults in transformers - Phenomenon of over fluxing in transformers – Transformer protection application chart. Differential protection of busbars external and internal fault - Supervisory relay-protection of three – Phase busbars – Numerical examples on design of high impedance busbar differential scheme –Biased Differential Characteristics – Comparison between Transformer differential & Busbar differential.

UNIT III DISTANCE AND CARRIER PROTECTION OF TRANSMISSION LINES

Drawback of over – Current protection – Introduction to distance relay – Simple impedance relay – Reactance relay – mho relays comparison of distance relay – Distance protection of a three – Phase line-reasons for inaccuracy of distance relay reach - Three stepped distance protection - Trip contact configuration for the three - Stepped distance protection - Three-stepped protection of three-phase line against all ten shunt faults - Impedance seen from relay side - Three-stepped protection of double end fed lines-need for carrier – Aided protection – Various options for a carrier –Coupling and trapping the carrier into the desired line section - Unit type carrier aided directional comparison relaying – Carrier aided distance schemes for acceleration of zone II; numerical example for a typical distance protection scheme for a transmission line.

UNIT IV GENERATOR PROTECTION

Electrical circuit of the generator –Various faults and abnormal operating conditions – Stator Winding Faults – Protection against Stator (earth) faults – third harmonic voltage protection – Rotor fault – Abnormal operating conditions - Protection against Rotor faults – Potentiometer

Method – injection method – Pole slipping – Loss of excitation – Protection against Mechanical faults; Numerical examples for typical generator protection schemes

UNIT V NUMERICAL PROTECTION

Introduction–Block diagram of numerical relay - Sampling theorem- Correlation with a reference wave–Least error squared (LES) technique-Digital filtering-numerical over - Current protection– Numerical transformer differential protection-Numerical distance protection of transmission line

OBJECTIVES:

- To illustrate concepts of transformer protection
- To describe about the various schemes of Over current protection
- To analyze distance and carrier protection
- To familiarize the concepts of Generator protection and Numerical protection

REFERENCES

- 1 Y.G. Paithankar and S.R Bhide, “Fundamentals of Power System Protection”, Prentice-Hall of India, 2003
- 2 Badri Ram and D.N. Vishwakarma, “Power System Protection and Switchgear”, Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing Company, 2002.
- 3 T.S.M. Rao, “Digital Relay / Numerical relays”, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1989.
- 4 P.Kundur, “Power System Stability and Control”, McGraw-Hill, 1993.